The Kingdome Saved.

SEASONABLE Discourse

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Bridgwaters GHOST:

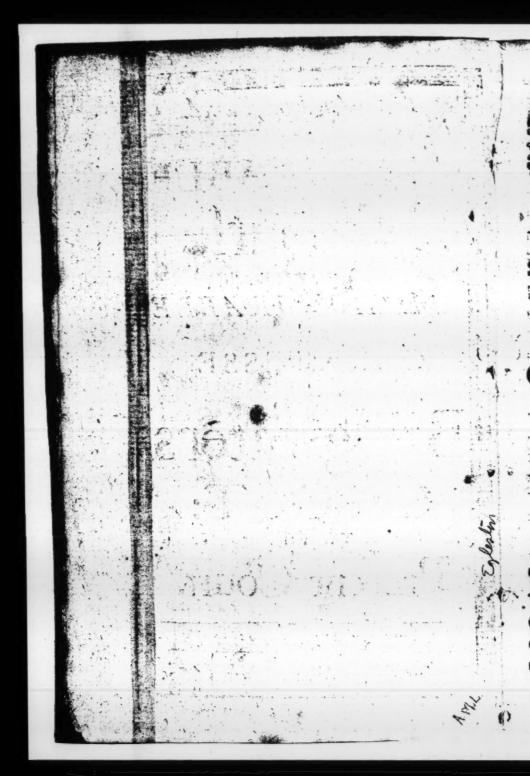
TO THE

Present Court.

Being dead she yet speaketh:

ondon, Printed in the Year, 1663.

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The Kingdome Saved.

SEASONABLE DISCOURSE

Of the

Right Honourable

T H.E

Countels of BRIDGWATER'S

GHOST:

TO THE

Present COURT.



Lthough I am so taken up with the glory of this happy World, that I have hardly a thought to cast back to words that unhappy one from

whence I came: -yet in the full enjoyment of my God in whom I fee all things, being thade acquainted with those apprehensis

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ons, the persons I lest behind me have of the late providence that furprized me and finding that all that pitty is bestowed upon me who am now as far above pirry as I am above misery, which our God his Angells and we the Souls made perfect know is more due to those poor Souls themselves, who still dwell with fin and mifery; in love to those persons and things that make up the lower World, (for as our God is love, so we that are here with him do dwell in love) and as a return of that kindness they have for me, (for we have here not only a joy for any thing poor Mortalls do for their own good, but a pleasure like. wise arising from for that respect and honour they have for us) I must needes (now I am beyond the infirmities of my Sex as an Angell) acquaint that Court whereof I was once a part with those sad and perious reflections which few men have below besides them that live by faith the evidence of things not feen, -- and tast the Power of the World to come; and fewer dare plainly, and honeftly represent fave only they who look not at the things which are feen which are Temporal, but at the things which are not seen which are eternal :--- I know indeed you have Moses and the Prophets

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phets their holy Sermons, their great examples, their strict precepts, their ample encouragements and fevere warnings; and if you are not convinced by their evidence and power, if you are not wrought upon by their holy perswasion, nor altered by that word that is mighty through Faith, and effectual in those that believe nor overcome by that holy Spirit that goeth along with their holy words and thefe are all the facred meanes that heaven affords to prepare your immortal foul for it, in vaine do I rise from the dead :--- yet let me awake those serious thoughts your hely Bookes and Sermons possessed your Soules with, 'and fir up your pure minds by 'way of remembrance; that ye may be mindfull of the words which were spoken before by the holy Prophets, and of the commandement of us the Apostles of 'the Lord and Saviour: knowing this first that there shall come in the last dayes Scoffers walking after their own lufts and faying where is the promise of his coming? for fince the Fathers fell affeep all things continue as they were from the beginning of the Creation, but beloved be not ignorant of this one thing that one day is with the Lord as a thousand A 4

and a thousand yeares as one dy; the Lord is not flack concerning his promise as some men count flackness, but is long fuffering to us ward, not willing that any should perish but that all should come to repentance; but the day of the Lord will come as a theif in the night, in the which the Heavens shall pass away with great noise, and the Element shall melt with fervent hear, and the Earth alfo, and the workes that are therein shall be burned up :- seeing then that all these things shall be dissolved, what manner of persons ought ye to be in all holy conversation and godliness, looking for and hasting unto the -coming of the day of God: and feeing you must look for fuch things, how diligent ought ye to be that ye may be found of him in peace wishout spor, and blameless.

Although you live as if either this World should never have an end, or as if the other World should never have a beginning; Yet now I have taught you by my sad example that there is nothing more certain then that you must leave this World; and nothing more uncertainthen the time when you must leave you see that of the last day and last hour

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knoweth no man; but as the dayes of Noah were to the World in general, so is the coming of the Sou of man to every foul in particular; for as in the dayes that were before the Floud they were earing and drinking, marrying and giving in marriage untill the day that Noah entred into the Arke, and knew not till the 'Flood came and took them all away; fo 'shall also the coming of the Son of man be: then may there betwo in a house, the one taken and the other left; two Ladies in a Court, the one taken the other 'left: Indeed thus many of you are wil-'lingly ignorant of that by the Word of God the Heavens were of old, and the Earth standing out of the Water and in the Water, whereby the World that 'then was being overflowed with Water, perished, but the Heavens and the Earth which are now by the same word are 'kept in store, reserved unto fire against the day of Judgement and perdition of 'ungodly men : - Oh that vou were wife ! 'Oh that you would confider your later 'end! Oh that you faw as clearly what we are, as we see what you shall be ; --- bur you put far from you the evil day, you are ar ease in Zion, you lay upon Beds of INDAR,

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Ivory, and firech your felves upon your Couches, and eat the Lambs out of the Flock, and the Calves our of the Stall, you chant to the found of the Viol, and invent your felves Instruments of Mulick like David; and drink Wine in Bowles and annoing your felves with the cheif, Oyntment, -- but alas! you are not grieved for the affliction of Joseph, you fee fome of you dropping to eternity on the one hand, and others entring to theireverlasting state on the other, and this is the end of all the living, but you will not lay it to heart; indeed I faid in mine heart as you do, go to now I will prove thee with mirth, , therefore enjoy pleasure, and behold now this is also vanity; I say now (and so all the Argells and Saints round about me) if laughter it is mad, and of mirth what doeth it : I fought in my heart to give my felf to lawfull pleasure, (ver acquainting mine heart with wisdome) and to lay hold onfolly, till I might fee what was that good for the Sons of men, which they should do under the Heavens all the dayes of their lives, I made me great Workes, ... I builded me Houses, I planted me Vineyarde, I made me Gardens and Orchards, and I planted Trees in them of all kind of Fruits.

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Fruits, I made me Pooles of Water, I got me servants and maidens, and had fervants born in my house, also I had great Possessions of all things; I gat me men-Singers and women Singers, & the delights of the Sons of men; as Musical instruments, and that of all forts; also my wildome remained with me; and what-Dever mine eye defired I kept not from them, I withheld not mine heart from any joy, for my heart rejoyced in all my labour, and this was my portion of all my labour; but behold now I look on all the workes which mine hands have wrought, and on the labour which I have laboured to do; and behold all is vanity and vexation of fpirit, and there is no profit under the Sun: Indeed I thought as you, I might rejoyce in the dayes of my Youth, and let mine heart chear me in the dayes of my vanity, and that I might walk in the wayes of my heart and in the fight of mine eyes, and to remove forrow from my heart, and evil from my flesh; (for Childhood and Youth are vanity, but alas! new for all these things God hath brought me to judgement; ---) cruly the light is fweet, and a pleasant thing it is to behold the Sun: but if one live many yeares, and rejoyce 113

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in them all? yet let him remember the dayes of darkness, for they shall be many--alas! all that cometh is vanity, -- my life was once as hopefull as yours, my blood as young, my thoughts as unconcerned in this fad subject; my blush as fresh, my joynes as nimble, my felt as healthy as any of you, -- but alas! in the cutting off of my dayes, I am gone down unawares to the gates of the Grave; I am deprived of the residue of my yeares; I said I shall not fee the Lord even the Lord in the Land of the living; I shall behold man no more with the Inhabitants of the World: at Golgotha are the Sculls of young and old,-in the grave and in the land of forgetfulness I see those that have had no other business in the World but to be born that they might be able to die :--- others that have taken one or two vaine turnes and fuddenly given place to others; here are they that met with death in the highest pleasures of their life, they that went to their Beds well yet never to rise again untill the last day; -- O ye that are born of Women you have but a short time to live; you come up indeed full of hope and expectation, and you are cut down like a flowre, you flee as it were a shadow and never continue

continue in one stay; in the midst of life you are in death, your Wine enflames you to a Feavor and you are confumed, your Table is your snare, and you are nourished for the Grave, the aire which is your life may conveigh the close contagion of death, if you abstaine you pine away, yet if you allow your self a freedome you surfer, there may be death in every thing you lee, and every thing you do enjoy may let out your foul into another; alas I did but hear a few unhappy words that had no harme in them, but the expence of time in telling and let them to my heart and dyed, -- fo frail a thing is nature, -- alas you walk in vaine shadow, verily every one living in the best estate is altogether vanity, and you know though you consider it not, (and its inconfideration that undouth the World,) 'that there is a great orbiter of 'all things, that can thunder the proud Emperour under his bed, and write the great King at three or four words into trembling, that can fend a fly to feich 'the triple Crown before his tribunal; and make an hair or the kernel of a rayfer 'as immortal as Goliahs spear; that can unspeak the whole World to nothing; and blow down a great buble with an eafice breath ;

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breath; that by drawing one nayle can throw down the stateliest building, and undress your soules by unpining one pin; he turneth manto destruction, againe he faith returne ye Children of men, as soon 'as he scattereth them they are even as fafleep, and fade away suddenly like the egrafs, in the morning it is green, and groweth up, but in the evening it is cut down, dried up and withered; for we confume away in his displeasure, and are 'afraid at his wrathfull indignation; but 'alas! who regardeth the power of his 'anger? for thereafter as a man feareth fo 'is his displeasure; Ah poor soules how you play and please your selves upon the very brink of Eternity, and at the door of the Grave, when there are millions of accidents ready to wait upon you to open the door and let you in, --- do not dayes and nights come very thick, are not your past yeares quickly gone, when you look back upon them are they not a very little time? are they not as yesterday when it is past? and as a watch in the night? and will not all the rest be shortly too, look on the Glass, see how it runs, look on your Watch how fast it goeth ;--- what a short moment is that between you and eternicy, what

what a step is it from hence to everlastingness? while you dress, you play, you vific, you Complement, your unchangable state hasteth neer while you feast, revell, or allow your felves the more innocent pleasures of nature, you are even entring upon it before you are---while your inward joy and content, your outward pomp and glory raife you, it may be in your own and in others thoughts beyond the common state of Mortals; yet every thing round about you tell you you must remember you are men, and that you must die like men and fall like one of the Princes; the Grave from beneath is moved for you to meet you at your coming, it stirreth up the dead for you, even all the cheif ones of the earth, it hath raifed up from their Thrones all the Kings of the Nations; all they shall speak, and say unto you are you also become weak as we? are you become like unto us, your pomp is brought down to the Grave, and the noyle of the Vyols, the Worme is spread under you, and the Wormes cover you, and the poor people that have feen you in all your glory, and in amazed multitudes thronged round about you they shall now fee, and shall narrowly look upon you and confider

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consider you saying, are these the shining beauties of the Court, the Ornament of the place they lived in? was that neglected Skull, that head we see the other day plaited and curled, poudered and dreffed, the employment of a Summer morning, where are now its pendants, Jewels, and its coftly attire, what? remaines there nothing of all that glory but Wormes, rottennels, and noylome dust ? and is it come to pass as it is written, that instead of sweet fmell there shall be a stinck; and instead of well fet hair baldnesse: what say they are those two dark holes, those two sparkling eyes the fear of love and pleasure, is that dark face the fear of the Rose and Lilly, is that box of dust that pretty thing we loved, embraced and courted, --- can you not look behind you and fee how yesterday you were born, can you not look before you and fee how to morrow you must die; -- have you not so much foresight as to foresee that dying time when the face lookes pale, when the eye strings crack, when the daughters of musick are brought low, when desire shall fail, --- when the heart strings break, and your friends round you groane and weep, and at last whisper to themselves he is dead, he is dead; do YOU

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you not see that sad solemnity, where with you are carried to your Grave by friends as you have carried friends, and as others shall do with them ;--- do you not see the Mourners going about the Streets, and your felves going to your long home,it is but a few dayes till your friends shall lay you in the Grave, and others do the like for them : - you now shine bright, you hansome but frail Glasses, but alas! how quickly are you broken, what's your life but a day by dying, when every minute you part after that little breath that is in your nostrils, --- you die because you live by dying, and you shall die not because you are fick but because you live .---

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sea. 1. Indeed when I was in that other World I saw many Bookes, heard many holy discourses, & have been present at many solemn Sermons, but since I came up I have seen the conclusion of the whole matter; and the sum is this, O man resteat a upon thy self, --remember thou art a man, -- consider whence thou camest, consider whither thou goest: --O you whom greatness environ on all parts, whose territories are large, and minds larger, see yonder one small under containes your all, ---you whom Crownes adornes, and Swords with

with Scepters guord, how many thousand Crownes and Scepters do I now fee laid before the feet of him that fits upon the Throne, & before the Lamb for evermore; while their undistinguished ashes, and forgotten reliques sleep with you till time thall be no more, --- & that Sacred Majesty to which I was once Subject, knowes that he walked over his dead Ancestors to take his Crown, as his Successors shall walk over his : 'it's an obvious meditation that of all their Territories there remaines but one poor peice of ground to bury all the glory of a thousand yeares, how great? and yer how despicable, how glorious yet how naked, how royal yet how nothing: Gods? yet Wormes and no men, some of these men have not so much as a little dust remaining to shew that they were men ---

le's true you have high and noble pleafures, but look upon me and you will fee the pleasures of fin are for a season and no more; what now is your whole Court to me, what will it be a few dayes hence to you, I am dead to the World, you shall be fos you rejoyce, and treat, and please and are pleafed, and I am unconcerned now, and you shall be; that life of sence we

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thought our highest life is dead, and there remaines no more but rational folid, high and spiritual delights, such as the Preachers talked on, I know now no other joy but that in believing that we laughed at; that Kingdome of God within us, that is peace and joy in the holy Ghost; there remaines no more of former pleasure but a lad thought I should be so deceived, that mankind should live so much below themselves upon delights fo fenfual, fo earthy, so baie, fo poor, and fo disproportioned to the nature, and the wants of an immortal foul; -the life that I now live is not that poor life of nature, my life is hid with Christ in God; --- and now I am awaked, I am fas risfied with his likeness in whose presence there is fullness of joy, and at whose right hand there are pleafures for evermore :--ah lock on me, and abate your pleafures. appeale your lust, lay aside your vanity, loose your hearts, neglect your beauties, alas! the Courrier and the Peafait, the great, the poor, the Honourable here where I am, mingle a common dust, ar dtell all the World all ashes are equal, but their accounts not fo; remember that fad hour when you as well as I shal say to corruption Thou art my Father, and to the Wormes, Thos thou art my Mother and my Sifter. O fad! you are playing, and you are dying; -- the fashion passeth away and goeth by you towards nothing and annihilation and you towards your eternity; to day I call you great, serene, sacred, honourable, and what not out of all the swelling Titles of honour; and to morrow I call you Sceleton and dust, -- to day you are reverenced and feared round about you by those that to morrow shall tread you under ground: did I say you are? alas your former life is past and irrecoverable; that part that is to come is in Gods hand, not yet yours; your age is nothing to God, your age is nothing unto us that are with God; before time was you were nothing here, -- and in time that shall shortly be you shall be nothing .-- Among other Bookes my Closet was furnished withall, one was Dr. Taylors Book of holy Dying, out of whom I recommend to you one fad paffage.

'Ninus the Assyrian had an Ocean of Gold, and other riches more than the sand in the Caspian Sea; he never saw the stars, and perhaps he never desired it; he never stirred up the holy fire among the Magi, nor touched his God with the sacred rod

according to the Laws; he never offer

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ed sacrifice, nor worshipped the Deity; nor administred justice, nor spake to his people, nor numbered them; but he was most valiant to eat and drink, and having mingled his Wines he threw the rest upon the stones: This man is dead: Behold his Sepulchre, and now hear where Ninus is. Sometimes I was Ninus, and drew the breath of a living man, but now am nothing but clay. I have nothing but what I did ear, and what I ferved to my felt in lust [that was and is all my portion:] the wealth with which I was "[efteemed] bleffed, my enemies meeting together shall bear away, as the mad Thyades carry, a raw Goat. I am gone to Hell, and when I went thither, I neither carried Gold, nor Horse, nor silver Charior. I that wore a Miter, am now a little heap of dust.

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Lord how the Angels pitty your poor greatnesse, how Saints made perfect are here concerned to see those poor trifles; immortall foules lose themselves; how I ashamed I lived higher to no pleasures then a Beast, I lived, I eat, 1001, I drank, I faw, heard, and finelt, felt, and tasted as they do, and as they dyed, when I offer* had the reason of God, the nature of Aned gelsa

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gels, the principles of Heaven, what great a change do I see below! I heard nothing bur, Come let's be merry and rejoyce our fouls in frolick and in fresh delights : Let's skrue our pamper'd hearts a pirch beyond the reach of dull-brow'd forrow: Ler's paffe the flow-pac'd time in melancholycharming mirth, and take the advantage of our youthful daies : Let's banish care to the dead Sea of Phlegmatick old age: Let a deep figh be high Treason, and let a selemn look be adjudged a Crime roo great for Pardon. My ferious studies shall be to draw mirth into a body, to analyse laughter, and to paraphrase upon the various Texts of all delight. My recreations shall be to still Pleasure into a quintessence, to te duce Beautie to her first principles, and " extract a perfect Innocence from the milk. white Doves of Venus. Why should! spend my precious minutes in the sulle and dejected shades of sadness? or raw out my short-liv'd dayes in solemn an hears breaking Care? Houses have Eagle wings, and when their hafty flight this put a period to our numbred dayes, the World is gone with us, and all our fe gorren joyes are left to be enjoyed by fucceeding Generations, and we are fnate

we know not how, we know not whether, and wrapt in the dark bosome of eternal night. Come then, my foul, be wife, make ule of the Time present: that which is gone is past recalling, lost, and not to be redeem'd. Eat thy Bread with a merry hearr, and gulp down care in frolick cups Beguile the tedious of liberal Wine. nights with dalliance, and steep thy stupid fenses in unctions, in delightful sports: Tis all the portion that this transitory World can give thee. Let Musick, Voices, Masques, midnight Revels, and all that melancholy wisdome censures vain, be thy delights; and let thy care-abjuring foul chear up and sweeten the short daies of thy confuming youth. Follow the maies of thy own beart, and take the freedome of thy sweet desires. Leave no delight untryed. and spare no cost to heighten up the lusts. Take pleasure in the choice of pleasures, and please thy curious eyes with all varieties. to fatisfie thy foul in all things which thy heart desires. I, but my foul, when those evil daies shall come wherein thy wasting pleasures shall present their Items to thy bed-rid view, when all diseases and the evils of age shall muster up their Forces in thy crafy bones, where be thy comforts then & Hera

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Here they fay, Come let us contemplate and enjoy the divine nature, and know that being to know whom is eternal flife, -- bid farewell to your fins, your pleasure, your lower nature, and enjoyments, farewell our hope, our fear, our faith; --- come encircle your felf in this eternity, come, come and live, and ever live, and praise your good, and ever ever praise; come say they, forget thy former life, that dream and dotage, think not, look not, speak not, as an earthly Worme s now thou art in Heaven; seek thou youder the glorious company of the Apostles, the goodly fellowship of the Prophets, the noble Army of Martyrs, the holy Church throughout the World :--- how pure are all their thoughts, how high their contemplations, how heavenly their delights; come say they, for this thou art born, -- ftir up all the powers of the foul aboue the ordinary rate of nature, and enjoy a God; come hirher O serions and holy mind, enjoy the sweet pleasure that is between an understanding and an eternal truth; it's good to be here, thou knewest in part; but now when that which is perfeet is come, that which is in part must be dong away, --- thou fawest through a Glass darkly,

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darkly, now see face to face; -- thou knewest but in part; now know even as thou art known, draw neer say my fellow, __inhabirants of glory, bring hither thy strongest love and satisfie it in his bosome who is love, -bring hither thy joy to be filled with joy unspeakable and full of glory; here fay they, is that pleasure which eye never faw, ear never heard, it never entred into the heart of man to conceive,-rejoyce in the Lord, (fay they) and againe they say rejoyce, -and if the first Glance, Scc-

When first thy, sweet and gracious eye Vonchsaf'd ev'n in the midst of youth and night To look upon me, who before did lie

Weltring in fin:

I felt a fugred ftrange delight, Passing all Cordials made by any art, Bedew, embalm, and overrun my heart, And take it in.

Since that time many a bitter florm My foul hath felt, ev'n able to destroy, Had the malicious and ill-meaning harm

His fwing and fway: But still thy fweet original joy Sprung from thine eye, did work within my foul,

And furging griefs, when they grew bold, control And got the day.

If thy first Glance so powerful be, A mirth but open'd, and seal'd up again; What wonders shall we feel, when we shall see The

Thy full-ey'd love!
When thou shalt look us out of pain,
And one aspect of thine spend in delight
More then a thousand Suns disburse in light
In heav'n above!

ak, Sirs—I pirty your highest pleasures.
False glozing pleasures, casks of happiness,
Foolishnight-fires, womens & childrens wishes,
Chases in Arras, gilded emptiness,
Shadowes well mounted, dreames in career,
Embroider'd lyes, nothing betwe'n two dishes;

True earnest forrow, rooted miseries, Anguish in grain, vexations ripe and blown,

Sure-footed griefs, folid calamities, Plain demonstrations, evident and clear, Fetching their proofs ev'n from the very bone,

These are the forrows here.

But Oh the folly of distracted men,
Who griefs in earnest, joyes in jest pursue;
Preferring, like brute beasts, a loathsome den
Besore a Court, ev'n that above so clear,
Where are no forrows, but delights more true
Then miseries are here!

you might eat and drink, and to morrow you might die; and that after death was nothing, and that death it self is nothing, and so the thoughts of death heighten your excesses, break the Beds; think you, drink your Wine, Crown your heads with Roses, and besmeare your curled Lockes with

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Nard :- there is nothing (you fay) bettet for a man then that he should eat and drink, and that he should make his foul enjoy good in his labour, for that is his portion; for who shall bring him to fee that which shall be after him? alas now I fee what shall be after us; I do survive my felf, and behold that eternity I could scarcely believe, - now I see that everlasting state that depends on this short moment,-this inftant (Sirs) I know shall never return again; And yet no doubt this instant may declare or secure the fortune of a whole eternity; 'Life 'you see is short, beauty is deceirfull, the World is perishing, pleasure and plenty are uncertain, death is the period of all; --you fee (Sirs) you have no continuing city here, you must look for one to come, whose Walls and foundation is God, where you miv rest, or else be restless for ever!

In breife, I see you must Acquit your selves like men.

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Look not on pleasures as they come, but go:
Deferre not the least virtue: life's poor span
Make not an ell, by trisling in thy wo.
If thou do ill, the joy fades, not the paines:

If well, the pain doth fade, the joy remaines:

3. Sest. Alas you see you must confine your hopes and cut short your designes; this day

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day is yours, yesterday was mine; our God only knowes what shall be to morrow, -you know not whether to morrow you may go, to a Play, or to your Grave; --We see here in the Book of Life that many that live to day, must die before to morrow, even while their hopes are full, their expectation great, their defigne forward, and the event of it at the door, and even then at that door their bodies may be carried out before their expectation shall enter into fruition; vaine and dangerous are those projects that discompose our present duty by long and future defignes; fuch as by casting our thoughts to events at distance, make us less to remember our death standing at the door; I entertained thoughts at yeares distance for my felf and Children, but in a moment went I down to my Grave, and then all my thoughts perished; I said indeed to day or to morrow I would do fuch things, but you fee I knew not what should be to morrow, for what was our life? it was but even a vapour that appeareth for a little time, and then vanished away; whereas we ought to fay if the Lord will, we shall live and do this or that, - otherwise in vaine do we plor, project, and continue, and busie our felves felves in idle toyles, night enters in upon us and tells the World how like fooles we lived and how deceived and miserably we died: I read and I was effected with those words.

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The wild fellow in Petronius that escaped upon a brok'n table from the furies of a shipwrack, as he was funning himself upon a rocky shore, espied a man rolled upon his floaring bed of waves, ballasted with fand in the folds of his garment, and carried by his civil enemy the sea rowards the shore to find a grave, and it cast him into some fad thoughts, that peradventure this mans wife in some part of the Continent, safe and warme, looks next moneth for the good mans return; or it may be his fon knowes nothing of the tempest; or his Father thinks of that affectionate kiss which still is warm upon the good old mans cheek ever fince he took a kind farewell; and he weeps with joy to think how bleffed he shall be when his beloved boy returnes inco the circle of his Fathers arms. These are the thoughts of mortals, this is the end and sum of all their designes: a dark night, and an ill Guide, a boysterous lea, and a broken Cable, a hard rock, and a rough wind dash'd in pieces the fortune of

of a whole family, and they that shall weep loudest for the accident, are nor yet enrered into the florm, and yet have suffered shipwrack. Then looking upon the carcasse, he knew it, and found it to be the Master of the Ship, who the day before cast up the accounts of his patrimony and his trade and named the day, when he thought to be at home : fee how the man fwims who was fo angry two dayes fince; his passiens are becalm'd with the storm, his accounts cast up, his cares at an end, his voyage done, and his gains are the strange events of death, which whether they be good or evil, the menthat are alive, feldome trouble themselves concerning the interest of the dead.

But seas alone do not break our Vessel in pieces: Everywhere we may be ship-wracked. A valiant General when he is to reap the harvest of his Crowns and triumphs, sights unprosperously, or falls into a Fever with joy and wine, and changes his Lawrel into Cypress, his triumphal Chariot to an Hearse; dying the night before he was appointed to perish in the drunkenness of his sestival joyes. It was a sad arrest of the looseness and wilder feasts of the French Court, when their King series in the court, when their King series are said arrest of the looseness and wilder seasts of the French Court, when their King

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[Henry 2.] was killed really by the sportive Image of a fight. And many Brides have died under the hands of Paranymphs and Maidens dreffing them for uneafie joy, the new and undifcerned chains of marriage: according to the faying of Benfirah the wife lew, 'The Bride went into her Chamber, and knew not what should befall her there. Some have been paying their vows and giving thanks for a prosperous return to their own house, and the roof hath descended upon their heads, and turned their loud religion into the deeper filence of a grave. And how many reeming Mothers have rejoyced over their swelling Wombs, and pleased themselves in becoming the chinels of bleffing to a Family; and the Midwife hath quickly bound their heads and feet, and carried them forth to burial? Or else the birth-day of an Heir hath seen the Coffin of the Father brought into the house, and the divided Mother hath been forced to travel twice, with a painfull birth, and a fadder death.

sea. 4. Ah firs, if wealth, if honour, if an universal love, if prayers, if teares, if all a Court afforded, could have reprieved me, I had not been now as free among the dead; all these failed me in a dying hour,

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and profited not in an evil day; __ The Fathers faith Christ, had eaten Manna, even Angells food and are dead, -and we enjoyed a whole Courts pleasure, plenty and honour, and we are dead, -we are born, we die, we are born crying, we live laughing, we die fighing, -when death fur prized I looked to former pleafures and they were gone as if they had never been; and there remained no more but fad feares of torments that shall never have an end of being; what remorfe, what anguish, and what vexation that I was fo deluded! I looked every way for help, but alas I find my self helpless; the eyes that faw much pleasure could spie no comfort; my eye strings cracked, and then I bid all things good-night; those eares of mine that were used to the pleasures of discourse and Musick, but alas! these daughters of Musick failed and could not hear at all, that tongue that had once words at will, is at that hour speechless, able neither to speak to God or man; and now I know not what to do, but my eyes and heart were up unto God; Oh I had none in Head ven but him, I had none in the earth befides him; all the World stands aloofe of me, either not willing or not able to help, fome fome things pitty me not, others can do no more but pitty, --there stood none by me but grace and virtue, my Saviour and my God,—ah said I.—

None shall in Hell such bitter pangs endure, As those who mock at Gods way of salvation. Whom Oyl and Balsams kill, what slave can cure? They drink with greediness a full damnation.

The Jews refused thunder; and we, folly.
Though God do hedge us in, yet who is holy?
Summe up at night what thou hast done by day;
And in the morning, what thou hast to do.
Dress and undress thy soul: mark the decay
And growth of it: if with thy watch, that too

Be down, then wind up both: fince we shall be
Most furely judg'd, make thy accounts agree.
In brief, acquit thee bravely: play the man;
Look not on pleasures as they come, but go.
Defer not the least vertue: lifes poor span

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Make not an ell, by trifling in thy wo.

If thou do ill, the joy fades, not the pains:

If well, the pain doth fade, the joy remaines.

And then I went to my God and to my prayer, and thought Herbert's prayer.

Prayer.

Of what an easie quick access.

My blessed Lord, art thou! how suddenly
May our requests thy ear invade!

To shew that state dislikes not easiness.

If I but lift mine eyes, my suit is made:

Thou canst no more not hear, then thou canst die.

Of what supreme Almighty power

Is thy great arm, which spans the East and West. And tacks the Centre to the Sphere! By it do all things live their measur'd hour: We cannot ask the thing which is not there. Blaming the shallowness of our request. Of what unmeasurable love Art thou possest, who, when thou couldst not dy. Wert fain to take our flesh and curse, And for our fakes in person fin reprove; That by destroying that which ty'd thy purse, Thou mightst make way for liberality! Since then these three wait on thythrone, Ease, Power, and Love; I value prayer fo, That were I to leave all but one, Wealth, fame, endowments, virtue, all should go: I and dear Prayer would together dwell, And quickly gain for each inch loft an ell-Wanity. Poor filly foul, whose hope and head lies low; Whose flat delights on earth do creep and grow; To whom the Stars shine not so fair, as eyes; Nor folid work, as false embroyderies: Heark and beware, lest what you now do measure And write for sweet, prove a most sowre dis-(pleasure. Ohear betimes, left thy relenting May come too late! To purchase Heaven for repenting, Isno hard rate. If fouls be made of earthly mould, Let them love Gold; If born on high, Let them unto their kindred flie: For they can never beat rest,

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Till they regain their ancient nest.
Then filly soul take heed: for earthly joy
Is but a bubble, and makes thee a boy.

Mans media

Mans medly. Heark how the birds do fing,

And woods do ring.

All creatures have their joy: and man hath his.

Yet, if we rightly measure, Mans joy and pleasure

Rather hereafter, then in present is.

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To this life things of sense

Make their pretense: In th'other Angels have a right by birth:

Man ties them both alone,

And makes them one,
With th'one hand touching heaven, with th'other

In foulhemounts and flies, (earth,

In flesh he dies.

He wears a stuff, whose thred is course and round,

But trim'd with curious lace,

And should take place

After the trimming, not the stuff and ground.

Not that he may not here Taste of the cheer:

But as birds drink, and ftraight lift up their head,

So must he sip and think

Of better drink,

He may attain to after he is dead.

But as his joys are double

So is his trouble.

He hath two winters, other things but one:

Both frosts and thoughts do nip,

And bite his lip;

And he of all things fears two deaths alone:

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Yet even the greatest griefs May be reliefs,

Could he but take them right, and in their ways. Happy is he, whose heart

Hath found the art

To turn his double pains to double praise.

sea, 5. Come my dear Ladies along with me to the Charnell house, bring your most scrious thoughts and tetired meditations into the chambers of death, let your foul begin with a deep figh, proceed in a fixed confideration, and end in an holy refolution: - come see your faces in this Glass, see, see the Wormes crawling along my paler face instead of parches, and of spors, how amiable the other day! how loathsome new! Come, come, walk over my head to day, and others will walk over yours to morrow; fcorn to day to tread the earth, and to morrow you are earth to tread on; -- to day you are feen in Sedans, to morrow in your Coffins ;--Coach it from place to place, to pass away the tedious houres, but remember your eremal rest; sleep, and dresse, and eat, rise up to Play, and visit, and sleep, agaire; go on in one great round of vanity; I have been as you are, and you must be as I am, and knowing the time that now it is high time to awake out of fleep, for

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now is your falvation, neerer, then when you believed: The night is far spent, the day is at hand, O cast off the work of darkness and put on the Armour of Light: walk honefly as in the day, not in rioting and drunkenness, nor in Chambering and wantonnels, not in strife and envying, but pur ye on the Lord Jesus, and make no provision for the flesh, to fulfill the lusts thereof: - what you think beauty to day, is rottennels and dust to morrow;—to day you are loved, to morrow you are loathed; now you are in the warme embraces of your Gallants, thronged with Courtiers and with Servants, and anonthey lay in that cold earth and leave you there for ever! a little while, and I faw you sport, you wink, you trifle, you jest, you laugh, you drol, you horangum and complement: a little while, and I faw you pale, speechlefs, and dying, I heard you groan and figh. and weep, and attend each other in your turnes to your long home, and there you left one dead, and another dead to morrow, and the rest went home to Learne to die, and think of another World; -awake, awake, see what you are, see what you shall be, look beyond your sweets, beyond your allurements and your pleafures, yonder

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der is death behind the Curtain; you speak prettily now, anon alas! the newes that you are speechless; now you speak Pastorals & Comedies at a breath, anonwe hear nothing but Scripture, nothing but Christ came into the world to fave Sinners, of whem I am cheif : O God be mercifull tome a sinner: O what shall I do to be saved; O my fins are greater then I can bear? how long will thou forget me O Lord, for ever? 'And how long wil thou hide thy face from 'me? hath the Lord forgotten to be gracious? and hath he in anger shut up his render mercy? or is his mercy clean gone for ever, and doth his promise faile for evermore? methinks I fee you removed from your wanton Coaches to your death bed, and there your Comrades drop about you their choicest fancies for 'mirth and recreation; Lord what is this to me that must presently die ?---what is this rome who am going to my grave?my Romances and my Playes were by me when I was a dying, and not one good word did they afford me to support my drooping foul; O miserable comfortable were they all; -and behind them in a careless corner I spied that neglected book we call a Bible, Lord what joy, what comfort

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fort, what support, and refreshment; one word of That was worth a World! then I fighed and wept, that I had Heaven in a book, and would not look into it; -O for a day more of those I spent in vaine; O for few of those millions of minutes I spent in Pastoralls and Sonners whereof I am now ashamed (for what profit had I in these things >) to read this holy Book, this Book of Life, this Letter of God to precious Souls, -this happy mystery hid from ages and from generations, and made known to Christians in earth, and Saints in Heaven,—wherein God unhosometh himself to man, O I would read it as my life; -O had I had nothing by me but the frothy and light discourses of wit and fancy, would I had never been born or would I had dyed as foon as I was born.

When my foul dispaired, there none to comfort, none to help till the glad tidings of joy and peace were opened to me in the holy Scriptures, the Scripture's worth a World which were written for our instruction, that we through the comfort of the Scripture should have hope; 'And strong consolation who have fled for refuge to lay hold upon the hope set before us; which hope we have as an Anchor sure

and stedfast, and which entreth into that within the Vaile whither the fore-runner for us is entred. A moneth ago I passed. by my melancholy houres with expence of money and time, which my God bestowed upon me for better purposes, from Playes to Maskes, from Maskes to Banquets; ah! what profit was there in these things? then alas, I laughed; fince upon my death-bed: (for vvhile vve are fooling, we aredying too,) all this was quit forgot, and then I faw that I as you walked in a vaine shew; then o for an interpreter, one of a thousand, to shew to me my uprightness, who should pray unto God, for me, that he wo'd be favourable unto me, and I may fee his face with joy, (for God looketh upon men, and if any fay I have finned, and perverted that which was right, and it profited me; nor, he will deliver his foul from going to the pir, and his life shall see the Light: lothese things God worketh oftentimes with man.) I faid one day--- this preaching, these Sermons, nothing but preaching,ah, at my last day I said, ah, nothing, but preaching, -- I used to passe by the Church and the precious opportunities of drawing near to God with this scornfull World, there is nothing but prayers, -ah, when

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the forrows of death layd hold upon me, and the terrours of hell surprized me, ab, then said I—nothing but Prayer, prayer, prayer.

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T Prayer.

Prayer the Churches banquet, Angels age, Gods breath in man returning to his birth, The foul in paraphrase, heart in pilgrimage, The Christian plummet sounding heav'n & earth. Engine against th' Almighty, sinners towre,

Reversed thunder, Christ-side-piercing spear, The six-days world-transposing in an hour, A kind of tune, which all things hear and fear, Sostness, and peace, and joy, and love, and bliss,

Exalted Manna, gladness of the best, Heaven in ordinary, man well drest, The milky way, the bird of Paradise,

Church-bels beyond the Stars heard, the fouls The land of spices fomthing understood. (blood,

Othen said I, call for that serious man the Minister I laughed at oftentimes, and let him pray over me, and the prayer of saith may save the sick, and the Lord may raise him up, and if he have committed sins they shall be forgiven him;—the effectual servent prayer of the righteous as weary as I was of them availeth much; O let my portion be among them that pray; what ever I have thought, one thing do I desire of the Lord, that will I seek after, that I may dwell in the house of the Lord

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all the dayes of my life, to behold the beauty of the Lord, and to enquire in his Temple; - O now how amiable are thy Tabernacles O Lord of hofts! now my foul is weary of Playes, Humors and follies; longeth, yea even fainteth for the Courts of the Lord; my heart & my flesh, cryeth out for the living Lord God; for a day in thy house to prepare for this last hour, is better then a thousand elsewhere; I had rather be a door-keeper in the house of my God, then to dwell in the Tents of wickedness; for now I know that the Lord is a Sun and a Shield; the Lord will give grace and glory, and no good thing will he withhold from them that walk uprightly; O Lord God of Hosts, blessed is that foul that trusteth in thee; - O thought I, have I spent fix dayes in folly, vanity, dancing, masking, and excels to facisfie my humor for a moment, and have I neglected that one day fer afide—to prepare my immortal foul for its eremity! --Lord, where are my former pleafures! as they are peffed before into nothing, and I thell fee them no more, I look behind me and see nothing but darkness and silence as deep as mid-night, and fuch a black nothing as that was before I was born ; -alas ! as

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I went to a Play & there staid some hours, and saw their variety of folly, and then saw the Stage shut up and returned home, so I appeared in the World for some dayes, and saw its several Scenes, and now I must go off the Stage, and betake my self to my long home never to return again,—you indeed must come to me, I cannot come to you.—

Come dear Ladies, you know what pretty wayes we had to pass the time which we thought too tedious and too flow; Angels and holy Soules do not so here in heaven; here eternity is thought too little to do well; here they fay time is the most precious of those gifts that came down from the Father of Lights, fo precious that he keepes it in his own hand, and difpenfeth it to men by minutes only and by moments, so precious that it is the price of Christs blood, and all the houres you live and play away are the purchase of his death. O fad! O fad! that we dance, and revel, and game, and dress, and Complement away the blood of Christ !-each bour the Taverne hath, the Play-house, our Cards, our Dice, and our worst sports challenge, they are not our own but Gods; they are passed indeed, but yet must be accounted counted for, -- they are the precious houres bought with the blood, begged by the

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prayers of our bleffed Saviour.

And I heard the groanes and cry of those who are gone to the other fad eternity,-O time, O time shall be no more, O that we might redeem the time, O that we might once again fee the days of hope, and meanes, and mercy, which once we ' faw, and would not fee! O that we had those dayes to spend in penitential teares and prayers, and holy preparations for an endless life, which we spent at Cards in needless recreations, in idle talke, in bumoring others, in pleasing of our flesh, or in the inordinate care and business of the World! O that our youthfull dayes might return, and our years be received, that the houres we spent in vanity might be recalled! that the Sun would once more shine upon us! and patience once more with mercy reaffume their work! O that we were once again upon the 'earth! O that prayers and tears, that price or paine could bring back loft abused time! Oh, for one offer more of mercy and of falvation!---Ah we would refuse no more, Ah once more a life, - once more admittance to the holy assemblies, conce

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once more a serions Minister; O God, try us once again; but it cannot, it will not be, -they feek repentance with tears, but find it not, -- then I heard the fad anfwer that would break a heart, --- Because I have called and ye refused, I have streched out my hand, and no man regarded, but ye have fet at noughr all my counfell, and would none of my reproofe, I will also laugh at your calamity, I will mock when your fear cometh, when your fear cometh as desolation, and your destruction as a whirlewinds when diffress and anguish cometh upon you, -- now you call upon me, and I will not answer you, you shall feek me early and shall not find me, for that you hated knowledge, and did not choose the fear of the Lord; you would have none of my counfell, you despised all my reproofe, therefore shall you eat of the fruit of your own way, and be filled with your own devices; awake I entrear you, awake and live, either now or never, --that which once was, will be no more; yesterday will never come again, to day is casting and will not return; this is the day of falvarion, this is the accepted time; awake you that fleep and stand from the dead, and Christ may give you light; other

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therwise aneverlasting darkness will shortly end your time and dayes; if ever you'l be faved, it must be now; if ever you will repent it must be now; if ever you will be pardoned and reconciled to God, it must be now; O that you were wife, that you understood this, that you would consider your later end, -- that you would let those vvords fink into your hearts vvhich came from the heart of your Redeemer as its evident from his ears, (If thou hadft known, even thou, at least in this thy day, the things that belong unto thy peace! but novv they are hidder from thine eyes, -vvhat do you meane?vvhy do you not begin to live? vvhat finning, and yet dying? vvhat? not part with your fins when you must learn from me that you must part with your fouls! vvhat? play and drink, and jest and fivear, and not yet prepared for death and judgement! is this to live as they that must live no more, is this to work as they that must vvork no more? have you immortal fouls, or have you not; is there another world, or is there not? or do you fleep, feed, drefs, and die as useless as the Beast, as unsensibly as the child nevy born, and never live the life of men, that is of steady reason, solid virtue and fixed grace, placed in a wife, foberg ber, ferious, and well-instructed foul, and thinges you must allthose wayes be ashamed of; __fill dead in trespasses and fine, will you never live to reafon, and the fober counfells of Religion do now trifle away time and life; when alas, to morrow you will weep bitterly that they stay no longer ; -- alas! to think that splendid Court I lived in vesterday, when a few years are gone, shall know none of its Inhabitants; our Fathers where are they? to think that your abode, employment and delight shall know you no more; you must see these faces of your friends, and converse in flesh with men no more; this World, these Houses, these honours, that wealth, that power must be to you as if you had never known it, alas! what did I carry to the grave? Naked came I into the World, naked returned I out of it :---I know you figh, and filently wonder and pitty (but pitty most your selves,) over my grave; what remaines of that?vanity I had about me now, but a pile of dust and a Cossin, that within few years will be dust too, and I then shall be so little that I cannot be found being mingled with common dust, -- the other day I looked about me and had the regard and reverence of all that saw me,—yet unregarded now I am the object of their pitty, as they shall be of others;—I had a name, but death that period of all things will buty that name, and I shall be no more some scores of years hence then I was

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some score of yeares before.

I have enjoyed the highest comforts of this World, but now God knowes whose these things shall be ;--- I am dead to the World, and the World is dead to me;-alas my pleasures, treasures, and comforts of this life, Childrens, goods, Gold, great friends, Lands, livings, possessions, Offices, honours, high Roomes, brave situations, fair prospects, sumpruous buildings, pleafanc walkes, and even the World it felf, upon which I have lost labour, time, care, thoughtfulness, all upon the stroke of death, which neither heaven nor earth, nor any created power could any wayes posfibly prevent, divert, or adjourne, I suddenly, utterly, and for ever left, never more to be minded, medled with, or enjoyed in this World or the World to come; when our breath goeth forth and we return to our dust, all our thoughts perish; --- O Sirs, fee not your hearts on those things in this life, which you cannot, you must not enjoy

enjoy in the second life; for alas! they are

1. All vanity, 2. Vexation of spirit,

3. They cannot satisfie the soul, 4. They
will not profit in the evil day, 5. They
reach not to eternity, 6. They may be
lost in a moment.—

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sest. 6. Ah Sirs, vou see you must die but once, and if you once mistake, you are undone everlastingly; -- if I were to live again, all my abilities and bufineffes, and whole being in this life, & all my thoughts. words, actions, should referre to this one thing which is attended with endless plagues or pleasures, with eternity either of flames or felicity, -if you knew what ie was to lie upon your last bed, assaulted by the King of terrours, and amazed by your own fins and the powers of the world to come, especially the terrour of that just and last Tribunal, to which you are ready to pals, to reckon, with almighty God for all things done in the flesh; what manner of men would you be in the mean time, in all holy care and forecast, to give up your account at that dreadfull hour! you would in this day constantly improve all opportunities, occasions, offers every moment, ministery, mercy, motions of the Spirit, checks of conscience, correcti-Ons,

ons, temptations to store your selves with spiritual strength against your last encounter, and of highest consequence, either for eternal happinesse, or unconceiv-

able misery .-

sea. 7. Ah Sirs, you see when the foul departs this life, it carrieth nothing away with it, but grace, Gods favour, and a good conscience; you see that to me and foto you all worldly glory must fet for ever ; -- and what will an immortal foul destitute of grace do then? then (as that holy man hath taught me) that newly feperated foul finding no spiritual store, or provision laid up in this life against the evil day, with an irkesome and furious reflection, lookes back upon all its time spent in the flesh, and behold they are nothing but abominations, guiltiness, and fin, prefently awakes the ever dying worme which having formerly had its mouth stopped with carnal delights, and muffled up with carnal mirth, will now feed upon it with horrour, anguish and desperate rage world without end; O Sirs, let thefe dear, precious, and everlafting things, breathed to our bodies for a short time in this vale of teares, by the alpowerful God leave the things below so disproportionable

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able either for diviness or duration to its noble and Cælestial nature.--

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sed. 7. Look on my body now my foul is gone, what a loathsome and abhorred spectacle it is; those that loved it most cannot now find in their hearts to look upon it; down I must go to the place of Skulls, and there be covered with Wormes till I moulder away to rottenness and durt :--- were I to live again, I would never for a little, sensual, shore and vanishing delight, in farisfying the lusts of the flesh, and if the eye with the pride of life drown both body and foul in a dungeon, or in a boyling sea of fire and brimstone, where I can find no bankes and feel no bottome: look on me, and paint and patch, alas you are yet no more then painted Sepulchres, adorned rottennels; look upon me and mend nature, correct the work of God, which yet you fee our God can turn to dust :-- where are now my spots and colours, and other Ornaments of arr, whereby I was distinguished from the common faces, alas? I am now an undificerned earth, and few dayes hence who knowes the difference between my Skull and others? earth, dust, and ashes are the fame fill under all the Varnishes of of art: look in here I pray you to my grave, what a fad spectacle is this, what a frightfull object, see you not this great number of dead Sculls which heaped one upon another, make a mountaine of horrour and affright;—see there which is Jesabel, painted dust, and which the plaine as the of the poor, see if you can distinguish now between the pomp and fancy of great Bernice, and the meaner remainder of her Maid Evodias.—

Sect. 8. Lord, what a change is here, the other day we drolled and laughed, and fat five at a Stage when we are weary the first hour at Church; and now alas! e) ternity it felf is little enough for more ferious things for contemplation, praise, and the employments of heaven;—ah Sirs, were you here to cast one eye down to the earth you would alter your lives; would you play away your time if you faw as we faw that God that gave you time ready to pronounce that in Rev. 2. I gave them space to repent and they repented not .-Would you play? if you fare the judge. ments threatned on the one hand, the plots against your reace and welfare on the other ? will you trifle, swear, whore and drink away a gracious King again;

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will you revell away your peace and Government? and then curse the poor Paanatikes, whereas God knowes your destruction is of your selves; is your requical to God (fay the Angels and Saints.) for the late miracle of Restauration? are these your former vowes, and resolutions? do you thus require the Lord you foolish people and unwife? a Church you have restored, but you regard the Play-houses more then it, holy Prayers restored but yet neglect; and oathes flying thicker among you then your praver: hath God removed those you call hypocrits, to give place to you to diffemble and cheat much more vilely: were you restored to your pleuty and excess, to look with upon your distressed brethren, and carlessly let them starve and perish; its true you say, &c.

Tell bauling Babes of Bugbears, to fright them into quietnesse; or terrify youth with old Wives Fables, to keep their wild affections in awe: such Toyes may work upon their timorous apprehensions, when wholsome precepts fail, and find no audience in their youthful eares. Tell not me of Hell, Devils, or damned souls to enforce me from those pleasures which they nick-name sin. What tell ye me of Law? my soul is sensible of Evangelical precepts without the needlesse and uncorrected thunder of the killing Letter, or the termible periphrase of some roaring Branerges, the

tediousnesse of whose language still determines in damnation; wherein I apprehend God far more merciful then his Ministers. Tis true I have not led my life according to the Pharifaical Jaure of their opinions, neither have I found judgments according to their prophecies; whereby I must conclude that God is wonderfully merciful, or they wonderfully mistaken. How often have ther thundred torment against my voluptuous life? and yet I feel no pain. How bitterly have they threatned forme against the vaunts of my vain glory? yet find I bonour. How fiercely have they preach'd destruction against my cruelty? and yet I live. What Plagues against my swearing? yet not infeded. What diseases against my drunkenness? and yet found. What danger against procrastination? yet how often hath God been found upon the deathbed? What damnation to Hypocrites? yet who more fafe? What stripes to the ignorant? yet who more scot-free? What poverty to the stoathful? yet themselves prosper. What falls to the proud? yet stand they surest. What curses to the coverous? yet who Richer? What judgments to the lascivious? yet who more pleasure? What vengeance to the prophane, the conforious, the revengeful? yet none live more unscourg'd. Who deeper branded then the Lyar ? yet who more favour'd? Who more threatned then the presumptuous? yet who lesse punished? Thus are we fool'd and kept in awe with the strict fancis. of those Pulpit men, whose opinions have 10, ground but what they gain from popularity Thus are we frighted from the liberty of Natur by the politick Chimeraes of Religion; whereby

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we are necessitated to the observing of those Laws, whereof we find a greater necessity of breaking.

But stay my friends, what is that speakes selicity to my troubled thoughts? hecause you have not kept Gods law, all the curses in the book of God shall overtake you untill you be destroyed, and the anger of the Lord may be kindled against this Land, to bring upon it all the curses written in the book of God: Thus saith the Lord, behold, I will bring evil upon this place, and upon the Inhabitants thereof, even all the curses that are written in the book.—but if I lived against two by some solutions.

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Presumption is a fin, whereby we depend upon Gods mercies without any warrant from Gods Word. It is as great a fin. O my foul, to hope for Gods mercy without Repentance, as to diffrust Gods mercy upon Repentance. In the first thou wrongst his Justice; in the last, his mercy. O my presumptuous soul, let not thy presperity in sinning encourage thee to fin; left climbing without warrant into his mercy, thou fall without mercy into his judgment. Be not deceived; a long Peace makes a bloody War, and the abuse of continued mercies makes a sharp judgment. Patience when flighted turns to fury, but ill-requited starts to vengeance. Think not that thy unpunisht fin is hidden from the eye of Heaven, or that Gods judgments will delay for ever. The stalled Oxe that wallows in his plenty, and waxes wanton with ease, is not far from flaughter. The Ephod, O my desperate soul, is long a filling, but once being full, the leaden cover must go on, and then

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then it hurries on the wings of the wind. Advise thee then, and whilst the Lamp of thy prosperity lasts, provide thee for the evill day, which being come, Repentance will be out of date, and all thy Prayers will finde no eare.

Sed. 9. But most of your thoughts are like

them I read in that ingenious man, ----

So, now my foul thy happinesse is entaild, and thy illustrious name shall live in thy succeeding Generations. Thy dwelling is establish'd in the fat of all the Land; thou haft what mortal beart can wish, and wantest nothing but immortality, The best of all the land is thine, and thou art planted in the best of Lands. A Land whose Con. flitutions make the best of Government, which Goternment is strengthned with the best of Laws, which Laws are executed by the best of Princes; whose Prince, whose Laws, whose Government, whose land makes us the bappiest of all subjects, makes us the bappiest of all people. A Land of strength, of plenty, and a Land of peace; where every foul may fit beneath his Vine, unfrighted at the horrid language of the hoarfe Trumpet, unstartled at the warlike summons of the roaring Cannon. A Land whose beauty hath surpriz'd the ambitious hearts of forraign Princes, and taught them by their martial Oratory to make their vain attempts. A Land whose strength reads vanity in the deceived hopes of Conquerours, and crownes their enterprizes with a shameful overthrow. A Land whose native plenty makes her the worlds) Exchange, Supplying others, able to subfift with out supply from forraign Kingdomes; in it selfe bippy, and abroad honourable. A Land that hath

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no vanity, but what the sweetest of all bleflings, peace and prenty; that hath no mifery but what is propagated from that blindaesse which cannot fee her own felicity. A Land that flowes with Milk and Hony, and in brief wants nothing to deferve the title of a Paradise. The Curbe of Spain, the pride of Germany, the ayde of Belgia, the scourge of France, the Empress of the World, and Queen of Nations. She is begirt with Walls, whose Builder was the hand of Heaven, whereon there daily rides a Navy-Royal, whose unconquerable power proclaims her Prince invinfible, and whifpers fad despair into the fainting hearts of foraign Majesty. She is compact within her self in unity, not apt to civil discords or intestine broyles. The envy of all Nations, the ambition of all Princes, the terror of all enemies, the Jecurity of all neighbouring states. Let timorous Pulpits threaten ruin, let prophecying Church-men dote, till I believe. How often and how long have these loud Sons of Thunder false-prophesied her desolation? and yet the flands the glory of the World. Can Pride demolith the Towers that defend her? Can drunkennesse dry up the Sea that walls her? Can flames of lust dissolve the Ordinance that protect her? Be well advis'd my foul; there is a voyce from Heaven roares louder then those Ordinances, which faith, Thus faith the Lord, The whole Land shall be defilate, Jer. 4.27.

His Proofs.

Esay 14.7,&c. The whole Earth is at rest, and at quiet, they break forth into singing. Yea the Firtrees rejoyce at thee, and the Cedars of Lebanon sing, &c. Yet shalt thou be brought down to Hell, to the sides of the Pit.

D 4

Jer.5.12. They have belied the Lord, and said, It is not he, neither shall evil come upon us, neither shall we see sword or famine.

1 Cor. 10. 12. Let bim that standeth take beed ,

left be fall.

Luke 17.27. They did eate and drink, and they married Wives and were given in marriage, until

the flood came and destroyed them all.

S. August. Whilft Lot was exercifed in suffering reproach and violence, he continued holy and pure, even in the silth of Sodom: but in the mount, being in peace and safety, he was surprised by sensuall security, and defiled himself with his own darghters.

Greg. Mag. Our prosperous and happy state is often the occasion of more miserable ruin; a long peace bath made many men both carelesse and conardly; and that's the mest fatall blow when an unexpected enemy surpriseth us in a deep sleep of peace.

and fecurity.

Security is an improvident carelessnesse, casting out all fear of approaching danger. It is like a great Calme at Sea, that fore-runs a storm. How is this verified O my fad foul in this our bleeding Nation! Wert thou not till now for many years even nuzzl'd in the bosome of habitual peace? Did'st thou forsee this danger? Or could'st thou have contrived a way to be thus miserable? Didlt thou not laugh invasion to scorn? or did'st thou not less feat a Civil war? Was not the Title of the Crown unquestionable? and was not our) mixt government unapt to fall into diseases? Did we want good Laws? or did our Laws want execution? Did not our Prophets give lawful warning? Or were we moved at the found of Fudgtfaid,

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Judgement? How hast thou liv'd O my uncareful foul to see these prophesies sulfill'd, and to behold the vials of thy angry God pour'd forth? Since Mercies O my soul could not allure thee, yet let these judgements now at length enforce thee to a true repentance. Quench the Fire-brand which thou hast kindled; turn thy mirth to right mourning, and thy feasts of joy to humiliation.

Cassian.

There is no better expedient of security, then to commit all our interest to God, who knowes bow to give good things to them that ask bim.

Sed. 10. Indeed I heard you fay--- But hold: There is a voyce that whispers in my troubled ear; a voice that blanks my thoughts, and stops the course of my resolves; a voyce that chils the bosome of my soul, and fils me with amazement:

Mark Gal. 5. 21. They which doe fuch things shall not inherit the Kingdome of God.

His Proofs.

Exod. 20.14. Thou shalt not commit Adultery.

Matth. 5.28. Whosever lookes upon a Woman to lust after her bath committed adultery with her already in his heart.

Rom. 13.13. Let us walk honeftly as in the day, not in rioting or in drunkenness, nor in chambering, nor in wantonness.

1 Pet. 2. 11. Abstain from fleshly lusts, which

warre against the foul.

Nilus in Paræn Woe be to the fornicator and adulterer, for his garment is defiled and spotted, and the beavenly Bridegroom casts him out from his chast nuptials.

A world of presumptuous and bainous offences do arise

arife and spring from the filthy fountain of adulterous lust, whereby the gate of Heaven is shut, and poor man excluded from God.

S. Greg. Mort. Hince the flesh lives in sensual delights for a moment, but the immortal soul perisheth.

for ever.

. Lift is a Brand of original fire, rak'd up in the Embers of flesh and blood, uncover'd by a natural inclination, blown by corrupt Communication, quencht with fasting and bumiliation: it is rak'd up in the best, uncovered in the most, and blown, in thee O my lufful foul. O turn thine ear from. the pleadings of Nature, and make a Covenant with thine eyes. Let not the language of Delilah inchant thee, lest the hands of the Philistians surprize thee. Review thy past pleasures, with the charge and pains thou hadft to compass them, and shew me, where's thy penny-worth? Forefee what punishments are prepar'd to meet thee; and tell me, what's thy purchase? Thou hast barter'd away thy God for a luft; fold thy eternity for a trifle. If this bargain may be recalled by teares, disfolve thee O my foul into a spring of maters; if to be revers'd with price, reduce thy: whole estate into a Sack cloth and an Ash-tub. Thou whose Liver hath scorch'd in the flames of lust, humble thy heart in the Ashes of Repentance: and as with Esau thou hast sold thy Birthright for Broth, so with Facob wrestle by Prayer till thou get a bliffing.

Anonym. Gonsider well, how empty thy pleasure will be when it is past, and thou cuttest off the cheif

strength of the temptation.

Sed. 11. Indeed you lived as if you faid those words

words—— But stay, my soul, I fear thy reckening fails thee. If thou hast judgment to discover,
wit to bargain, Gold to employ, skill to manage,
providence to dispose; canst thou command the
Clouds to drop? or if a wet season meet thy harvest, and with open suces overwhelm thy hopes,
canst thou let down the flood-gates, and stop the
watry Flux? Canst thou command the Sun to
shine? Canst thou forbid the Mildewes, or controll the breath of the malignant East? Is not
this Gods sole Prerogative? And hath not that
God said, VVhen the workers of iniquity doe flourish, it is that they shall be destroyed for ever? Ps. 92.7.
His Proofs:

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Job 21.7. VV herefore do the micked live, become old, yea are mighty in power? 8. Their feed is eftablished in their fight, and their off-spring before their eyes. 9. Their houses are safe from feare, neither is the wrath of God upon them. 10. Their Bull gendereth, and faileth not; their Cow calveth, and casteth not ber Calf. 11. They send forth their little ones like a flock, and their children daunce. 12. They take the Timbrel, and the Harp, and rejoyce at the sound of the Organ. 13. They spend their daies in wealth, and in a moment they go down to the Grave.

Nil. in Parænes. VVoe be to bim that pursues empty and fading pleasures: because in a short time be fats and pampers himselfe as a Calf to the slaughter.

Bernard. There's no misery more true and real, then false and counterfeit pleasure.

Hierom. It's not onely difficult, but impossible, to have Heaven here and hereafter; to live injensu-

al lusts, and to attain spiritual bliss; to pass from one paradise to another; to be a mirrour of felicity in both worlds; to shine with glorious rayes both in

this globe of earth, and the orbe of Heaven.

How sweet a feast is till the reckening come! A fair day ends often in a cold night, and the road that's pleasant ends in Hell. If worldly pleasures had the promise of continuance, prosperity were some comfort; but in this necessary viciffitude of good and evil, the prolonging of adversity sharpens it. It is no common thing, my Soul, to enjoy two Heavens: Dives found it in the present, Lazarus in the future. Hath thy encrease met with no damage? thy reputation with no scandal, thy pleasure with no cros? thy prosperity with no adversity? Presume not: Gods checks are symptomes of his mercy; but his silence is the Harbinger of a judgement. Be circumspect and provident my foul. Hast thou a fair Summer? provide for a hard Winter: The worlds River ebbs alone; it flows not: He that goes merrily with the stream, must hale up. Flatter thy self therefore no longer in thy prosperous fin, O my deluded foul, but be truly fensible of thy own presumption. Look seriously into thy approaching danger, and humble thy self with true contrition. If thou procure somre berbs, God will provide his Paffeover.

Sed.12. I must confess I heard you often say---Obut my soul, I hear a threatning voice, that
interrupts my language.

Elay. 5. 22. We be to them that are mighty to

drink Wine,

His Proofs.

Prov. 20. 1. Wine is a mocker; strong drink is raging; and whosoever is deceived thereby is not wife.

Elay. 5.11. We be to them that rife up early in the morning to follow (trong drink, that continue till night, until wine enflame them.

Prov. 23. 20. Be not among ft Wine-bibbers.

1. Cor. 5. 1. Now I have written unto you, not to keep company; if any that is called a brother be a drunkard, with such a one no not to eat.

Aug. in lib. Pen. Whilst the drunkard swallows wine, wine swallows him; God disregards him, Angels despice him, nen deride him, Virtue declines him,

the Devil destroyes bim.

Aug. ad. sac. virg. Drunkenness is the mother of all evil, the matter of all mischeif, the well-spring of all vices, the trouble of the senses, the tempest of the tongue, the shipwrack of chastity, the consumption of time, a voluntary midness, the corruption of manners, the distemper of the body, and the destruction of

the foul.

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My foul, it is the voyce of God, digested into a judgement. There is no kicking against Pricks, or arguing against a divine Truth. Pleadest thou Custome? Custome in sin multiplies it: Pleadest thou society? Society in the offence aggravates the punishment: Pleadest thou help to Invention? Wo be to that barrenness that wants such showers: Pleadest thou strength to bear much Wine? Woe to those that are mighty to drink strong drink. My soul, thou hast sinned against thy Creator, in a busing that Creacure he made to serve thee; Thou hast sinned against the Creature, in turning it to the Creators dishonour; Thou hast sinned against thy

thy self, in making thy comfort thy consusion. How many want that blessing thou hast turn'd into a curse? How many thrist whil'st thou surfeitest? What satisfaction wilt thou give to the Creator, to the Creature, to thy self, against all whom thou hast transgressed? To thy self, by a sober life; to the creature, by a right use; to thy Creator, by a true Repentance: the way to all which is Prayer and Thanksgiving.

Sed. 13. You remember we discoursed one day about a Sabbath Profanation---- and you said---- But now I am in the everlasting Sabbath that remaines for the people of God, I hear that whosoever doth any work on the Sabbath shall.

be cut off.

His Proofs.

Exod. 20.6,7,8. Remember to keep holy the Sabbeth day: fix daies shalt thou labour and do all that they beth to do a hout the foresth day for

thou haft to do: but the feventh day oc.

Exod. 31.13, 14. Yee shall keep my Sabbath, for it is holy unto you. Verily my Sabbaths thou shalt keep, for this is a sign betwixt me and you, throughout your Generations.

Luke 23.56. And they returned and prepared spices and syntments, and rested on the Sabbath day

a cording to the Commandement.

Gregor. VVe ought upon the Lords day to rest from bodily labour, and wholly to addict our selves to prayers; that whatsoever bath been done amisse the weeke before, may upon the day of our Lords resurredion be expiated and purged by serveut prayers.

Cvr. Alex. Sin is the store-bouse of death and misery, it kindles flames for its dearest friends. Therefore whosoever when he should rest from sin, bufieth

fieth himself in the dead and fruitless works of wickedness, and renouncing all piety, lusts after such things as will bring him into eternal destruction and everlasting slames, justly deserves to die and perish with the damned; because when he might have enjoy'd a pious rest, he laboured to run headlong to his own

destruction.

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My foul how hast thou profaned that day thy God hath fanctified! how hast thou encroached on that which heaven hath fet apart! if thy impatience cannot act a Sabbath twelve houres, what happiness canst thou expect in a perpetual Sabbath? Is fix dayes too little for thy felf, and two houres too much for thy God? O'my foul how doft thou prize temporals beyond eternals? Is it equal that God, who gave thee a body, and fix dayes to provide for it, should demand one day of thee, and be denyed it? How liberal a Receiver art thou, and how miserable a Requiter! But know, my foul, his Sabbaths are the Apple of his eye. He that hath power to vindicate the breach of it, hath threatned judgements to the breaker thereof. The God of mercy that hath mitigated the rigour of it for charity sake, will not diminish the honour of it for profaneness sake. Forget not then my foul to remember his Sabbaths, and remember not to forget his judgements, left he forget to remember thee in mercy. What thou hast neglected, bewaile with contrition, and what thou half repented, for sake with resolution, and what thou hast resolved, strengthen with devotion.

Sect. 14. When you are charged with that Court-Sin of Lying and diffembling, methinks I

read your thoughts:

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Nay if Religion be fo strict a Law, to bind my tongue to the necessity of a truth on all occasions; at all times, and in all places, the gate is too frait for me to enter; or if the general rules of downright truth will admit no few exceptions, farewell all honest mirth, farewell all trading, farewell the whole converse betwixt man and man. If alwayes to speak punctual truth be the true Symptome of a bleffed foul, Tom Tell-troth has a happy time, and fools and children are the only men. If truth fit Regent, in what faithful breaft shall fecrets find repose? What Kingdome can be safe; What Commonwealth can be secure? What War can be successful? What Stratagem can prosper? If bloody times should force Religion to shroud it felf beneath my roof, upon demand, shall my false truth betray it? Or shall my brothers life, or shall my own be seis'd upon through the cruel truth of my downright confession? or rather not be secured by a fair officious lye? Shall the righteous Favorites of Egypts Tyrant, by vertue of a loudlie, sweeten out his joy, and heigthen up his fost affection with the Antiperistasis of teares? and may I not prevaricate with a fullen truth to fave a brothers life from a blood-thirsty hand? Shall Facob and his too indulgent Mother conspire in alie to purchase a paternal bleffing in the falie name and habit of a supplanted Brother, and shall I question to preserve the granted blessing of a life or livelihood with a harmless lie? Come, come, my foul, let not thy timerous conscience check at fuch poor things as these. So long as thy officious eye aymes at a just end, a lie is no offence; so long as thy perjurous lips confirme not

not thy untruth with an Audacious brow, thou needst not fear. The weight of the cause relieves the burthen of the Crime. Is thy Center good? No matter how crooked the lines of the Circumference be; Policy allows it. If thy journies end be Heaven , it matters not how full of Hell thy journey be; Divinity allowes it. Wile thou condemn the Egyptian Midwifes for faving the Infant Israelites by so mercyfula lie? When Martial execution is to be done, wilt thou fear to kill? When hunger drives thee to the gates of death, wilt thou be afraid to steal? When civil wars divide a Kingdome, with Mercuries decline alie? No, circumstances excuse, as well as make the lie. Had Cafar, Scipio, or Alexander been re-'gulated by fuch strict divinity, their names had been as filent as their dust. A lie is but a fair puioff, the fanctuary of a fecret, the riddle of a lover, the Stratagem of a Soulder, the policy of a Statesman, and a falve for many desperate sores. But hark, my foul, there's fomething rounds mine ear, and calls my language to a Recantation. The Lord hath spoken it, Liars shall have their part in the lake web burneth with fire & brimstone, Re. 21.8. His Proofs.

Thou shalt not raise a false Report, Exod. 20. Levit. 10. 11. Te shall not deal falsly, neither lie one to another.

Prov. 12. 22. Lying lips are abomination to the Lord: but they that deal truly are his delight.

Prov. 19.5. He that speaketh lies shall not escape. Ephes. 4.25. Put away lying, and every one speak truth with his Neighbour: for we are members me of another.

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Revel. 21. 27. There shall in no wife enter into the new ferusalem any thing that worketh abomina-

tion, or that maketh a lie.

What a child O my foul hath thy false bosome harbour'd! And what reward can thy indulgence expect from fuch a Father ? What blefling canft thou hope from Heaven, that pleadest for the Son of the devil, and crucifiest the Son of God? God is the Father of truth. To secure thy estate thou denyest the truth by framing of a lie: To save thy brothers life thou opposest the truth in justifying a lie. Now tel me, O my foul, art thou worthy the name of a Christian, that denyest and opposest the nature of Christ? Art thou worthy of Christ that preferrest thy estate, or thy brothers life before him? O my unrighteous foul, canst thou hold thy brother worthy of death for giving thee the lie, and thy felf guiltless that mak st a lie? I, but in some cases truth destroyes thy life; alie preferves it, My foul, was God thy Creator? then make not the devil thy preferver. Wilt thou despair to trust him with thy life that gave it, and make him thy Protector, that, feeks to destroy it? Reform thee, and repent thee, Omy foul; hold not thy life on fuch conditions, but trust thee to the hands that made thee.

Sci. 15. And after all this you put me off, and fay, Tell me no more of fafting, prayer, and death; They fill my thoughts with dumps of melancholy. These are no subjects for a youthful ease; no contemplations for an active soul. Let them whom sullen age hath we and from airy pleasures, whom wayward for tune hath consolant? Ito sighes and groanes, whom sad diseases

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have beslaved to drugs and diets; let them confume the remnant of their wretched daies in duli devotion: Let them afflict their aking fouls with the untunable discourses of mortality; let them contemplate on evil daies, & read sharp lectures of their own experience. For me, my bones are full of unctious marrow, & my blood of sprightly youth. My faire and free estate secures from the feares of fortunes frown. My strength of conflictation hath the power to grapple with forrow, fickness, nay the very pangs of death, and overcome. Tis true, God must be fought: What impious tongue dare be so basely bold to contradict fo known a truth ? And by Refentance too: What strange impiety dare deny it? Or what presumptuous lips dare disavow it? But there's atime for all things, yet none prefixt for this, no day defigned; but, At what time foever. If my unfeafonable heart should feek him now, the work would be too ferious for so green a seeker. My thoughts are yet unfetled, my funcy yet too-too gamesome, my judgment yet unfound, my VVill unfanctified. To seek him with an unprepared heart is the high way not to finde him; or to find him with unsetled resolution is the next way to lose him; and indeed it wants but little of prophanenels, to be unfeasonably religious. What is once to be done, is long to be deliberated. Let the boyling pleasures of the rebellious fieth evaporate a little, and let me drain my boggy foul from those corrupted inbred humors of collapsed nature, and when the tender bloffome of my youthful varity shall begin to fade, my setled underhanding will begin to knot, my folid judgement

will begin to ripen, my rightly guided VVill be resolved, both what to seek, and when to sind, and how to prize: till then my tender youth, in her pursuit, will be disturb'd with every blast of honour, diverted with every flash of pleasure, misled by counsel, turned back with fear, puzled with doubt, interrupted by passion, withdrawn with prosperity, and discourag'd with adversity.

Take heed my foul: when thou hast lost thy self in thy journey, how wilt thou find thy God at thy journeys end? whom thou hast lost by too long delay, thou wilt hardly find with too late a diligence. Take time while time shall serve: that day may come wherein, Thou shalt seek the Lord,

but Shalt not find him. Hof. 5.6.

His Proofs.

Esay.55.6. Seek the Lord while he may be found, call upon him while he is near.

Heb. 12. 17. He found no place for repentance;

though he fought it with teares carefully.

Luke 12.20. Thou fool, this night thy foul shall be required of thee.

Revel.2.21. I gave her a space to repent, but she referred not: behold therefore I will cast her, &c.

Omy foul, thou hast fought wealth, and hast either not found it, or eares with it: thou hast fought for pleasure, and hast found it, but no comfort in it: Thou foughtest bonner, and hast found it, and perchance fallen with it: Thou foughtest siendship, and hast found it false; society and hast found it vain. And yet thy God, the fountain stall wealth, pleasure, honour, friendship and society, thou hast slighted as a toy not worth the sinding, Be wise, my soul, and blush

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at thy own folly. Set thy defires on the right object. Seek wisdome, and thou shalt find knowledge, and wealth, and honour, and length of dayes. Seek beaven, and earth shall seek thee; and deferre not thy Inquest, lest thou loose thy opportunity. To day thou mayer find him whom to morrow thou mayeft feek with tears, and miss. Tefterday is too late. to morrow is uncertain, to day is only thine. I, but my foul, I fear me too long delay hath made this day too late. Fear not my foul, he that has given thee his Grace to day will forget thy neglect of yesterday: feek him therefore by true repentance.

and thou shalt find him in thy Prayer.

Sect. 16. And at last you throw away all, and fay they are your own words --- Will Boanerges never cease? And will these Plague-denouncers never leave to thunder judgments in my trembling eare? Nothing but plagues? Nothing but judgments? Nothing but damnation? What have I done to make my case desperate? And what have they not done to make my foul despaire? Have I set up false Gods like the Egiptians? Or have I bowed before them like the Israelites? Have I violated the Sabbath like the Libertines? Or, like curfed Cham, have I discovered my Fathers nakedness? Have I embrued my hands in blood like Barabbas? Or like Absolon defiled my Fathers Bed? Have I like Jacob supplanted my elder brother? Or like Abab intruded into Nabals Vineyard? Have I born false witness like the wanton Elders? Or like David coveted Uriahs wife? Have I not given Tithes of all I have? Or hath my purse been hide bound to my bungry brother? Hath not my life been blameles before men?

men? and my demeanour unreproveable before the World? Have I not hated Vice with a perfect hatred? and countenanc'd vertue with a due refpect? What mean these strict observers of my life to ransack every action, to carpe at every word, & with their sharp censorious tongues to sentence every frailty with damnation? Is there no allowance to humanity? No Graines to flesh and blood? Are we all Angels? Has mortality no priviledge to supersede it from the utmost punishment of a little necessary frailty? Come, come, my soul, let not these judgement-thunders fright thee: Let not these Qualmes of their exbuberant zeal diffurb thee. Thou hast not cursed like Shimei nor rail'd like Rabshekah, nor lied like Ananias, nor flander'd like thy accusers. They that censure thy Gnats swallowed their own Camels. What if the luxuriant stile of thy discourse do chance to strike upon an obvious Oath, art thou straight hurried into the bosome of a Plague? What if the custome of a harmless Oath should captivate thy heedless tongue, can nothing under sudden judgement seize upon thee? What if anothers diffidence should force thy earnest lips into a hasty Oath, in corfirmation of a suffering truth; must thou be straight-wayes branded with damnation? Was Joseph mark'd for everlasting death, for swearing by the life of Egypts King? Was Peter when he so denied his Master, straight damn'd for fwearing, and forfwearing? O flatter not thy felf my foul, nor turn thou Advocate to fo high a fin : Make not the flips of Saints a precedent for thee to fall.

If the Rebukes of flesh may not prevaile, hear

then the threatning of the Spirit which faith, The Plague shall not depart from the house of the swearer.

His Proofs.

Exod. 20.7. Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vaine; for the Lord will not hold him guiltleffe that taketh his Name in vaine.

Zach. 5.3. And every one that sweareth shall be

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Math. 3.34. Sweare not at all, neither by Heaven, for it is Gods Throne, nor by the Earth, for it is his foot st. ol: But let your communication be Yea, yea, Nay, nay; for whatsoever is more then these cometh of evil. Jer. 23.10. Because of swearing the Land mourneth.

O what a judgment is here! how terrible! how full of Execution! The Plague? the extract of all diseases! none so mortall, none so comfortlesse! It makes our house a Prison, our friends strangers. No comfort but in the expectation of the Months end. I, but this judgment excludes that comfort too; The Plague shall never depart from the house of the swearer. What never ? Death will give it a period. No, but it shall be entail'd up in his House, his Family. O detestable! O destructive sin! that leaves a Crosse upon the doores of Generations, and layes whole Families upon the dust. A fin whereto neither Profit incites, nor pleasure allures, nor necessity compels, nor inclination of nature perswades; 2 meer voluntary, begun with a malignant imitation, and continued with an babituall presumption. Consider, O my sonle, every Outh hath been a mayle to wound that Saviour whose blood (O mercy above expression) must fave thee: Be ferible fensible of thy Actions and his sufferings: Abhorre thy selfe in Dust and Ashes, and magnishe his mercy that hath turned this judgement from thee. Goe wash those wounds which thou hast made with teares, and humble thy self with prayer, and true repentance.

If we could fee below
The sphere of virtue, and each shining grace
As plainly as that above doth show;
This were the better sky, the brighter place.
God hath made Stars the Foil
To set off virtues, griefs to set off sinning:
Yet in this wretched world we toil,
As if grief were not foul, nor virtue winning.

FINIS.

